

APPLICATION NO.

1211 SW FIFTH AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97204

25943

United States Patent and Trademark Office

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25943	7590	02/06/2004		EXAMINER			
	•	LIAMSON & WYA ER, SUITES 1600-1900	•	TRIMMING	S, JOHN P		
1211 SW E		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			

DATE MAILED: 02/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Applicati	n No.	Applicant(s)					
			09/884,31	2	KELLER, RICHARD B.					
	Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit					
			John P Tri	<u>-</u>	2133					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears n the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period f r Reply										
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status										
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 January 2004</u> .									
<i>,</i> —		2b)⊠ This								
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of Claims										
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.									
	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5,7,10-13,15,16,18,20,21,23,24 and 26</u> is/are rejected.									
·	Claim(s) <u>3,6,8,9,14,17,19,22,25 and 27</u> is/are objected to.									
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/o	r election re	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers									
,	The specification is objected to by t									
10)🖾	The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 November 2004</u> is/are: a) \square accepted or b) \boxtimes objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
. —	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
,—	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120										
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 										
Attachmen	t(s)									
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)			4) Interview Summary 5) Notice of Informal 6 6) Other:						
C Datest and T										

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DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to applicant's amendment, filed on 01/06/2004. Claims 1-27 are pending, and are subject to examination.

Response to Amendment

- 1. Applicant's amendments to claims 1, 15 and 20 are noted.
- 2. Applicant's amendments to the Specification are noted.
- Applicant's corrections to drawing sheets 5 and 6 are noted and the examiner's objections are withdrawn.
- Applicant's argument to examiner's objection of Claim 20 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 112 Rejections

5. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 have been fully considered as follows:

As per Claims 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25 and 26:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claims 2 and 5 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 102 Rejections

35 USC 102(b) based on Shih

6. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regards to Claim 1 have been fully considered as follows:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claim 1 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 102 Rejections

35 USC 102(b) based on NN901051

7. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regards to Claims 12-15 have been fully considered as follows:

As per Claim 12:

The applicant argues that the results of the calculation of the CRC assemblies (16 Bit or 8 Bit) are stored into a plurality of elements is neither suggested, taught nor discussed. However, the examiner points to NN901051 in the text on page 1 wherein it cites "the CRC register is composed of 16 Polarity Hold-Shift Register Latches...". The drawing of Figure 1 of the reference does not explicitly show the latches that are part of each CRC generator, however the text teaches the storage latches in the above quotation (16 each) within each generator and so storage is inherent to each CRC generator. The plurality of storage units (16 or 8 bits) is therefore attached and is part of each generator, and so the Claim 12 is maintained as being rejected.

As per Claims 13 and 15:

The applicant argues that these claims are dependent on Claim 12 above, and thus for the same reasons should be withdrawn. However, the examiner in rebutting Claim 12 above believes also that these claims, being dependent on

the claim above, should be maintained in view of this association and so for this reason are <u>maintained</u> as being rejected.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on Albertengo

8. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regard to Claim 20 have been fully considered as follows:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claim 20 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on Shih in view of NN901051

Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 have been fully considered as follows:
 As per Claims 2-6 and 8:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claims 2-6 and 8 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on Shih

10. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regard to Claims 10-11 have been fully considered as follows:

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Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claims 10-11 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on Albertengo in view of Shih and further in view of NN901051

11. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regard to Claims 21-23 have been fully considered as follows:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claims 21-23 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on NN901051

12. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regard to Claim 19 have been fully considered as follows:

Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claim 19 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Re: USC 103 Rejections

35 USC 103(a) based on Albertengo in view of NN901051

13. Applicant's arguments of 01/06/2004 in regard to Claim 27 have been fully considered as follows:

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Applicant's argument to examiner's rejection of Claim 27 is persuasive, and is withdrawn by the examiner.

Drawings

- 14. The drawings are objected to because Figure 4a depicts the CRC inputs from Acc reads "32", and the examiner believes it should read "64". A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 15. The drawings are objected to because Figure 4b depicts incoming data as "[64:0]", but the examiner believes it should read "[63:0]", and the CRC ~422 input from Acc reads "32", and the examiner believes it should read, "40". Also, the examiner believes that ~432 output "32" should read, "40", and ~426 requires output of "32" should read, "8". A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 16. The drawings are objected to because Figure 5a depicts bytes 4-1 as "[63:0]", but the examiner believes that it should read, "[31:0]". Likewise, bytes 3-1 should read, "[23:0]", bytes 2-1 should read, "[15:0]", and byte 1 should read, "[7:0]". A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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17. The drawings are objected to because Figure 5b depicts incoming data as "[64:0]", but the examiner believes it should read "[31:0]", and the Mux ~530 output to CRC ~522a reads "40", and the examiner believes it should read, "8". Also, the ~522a input reads "32" and the examiner believes it should read, "8", and ~532 output reads "32" and the examiner believes it should read, "24", and ~522b output should read. "8". A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

18. Claims 3, 6, 8, 9, 14, 17, 19, 22, 25, and 27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 19. Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 12, 13, 15, 16, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by "High Speed Parallel Cyclic Redundancy Check Generator", IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin NN901051, Vol. 22, Issue 5, pp 51-56, October 1, 1990.

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As per Claims 1 and 12:

NN901051 teaches and apparatus and method, specifically a data word extractor (see Fig. 1 input block selector/extractor with Bus Low/Bus High inputs) which extracts word groups one at a time, having a size of n bytes (see 1st page; "frame size that is a multiple of eight bits is assumed"), a plurality of CRC calculation assemblies (see Fig. 1 where two CRC calculators are shown) coupled to the extractor (Fig. 1) and selectively employed to iteratively perform a CRC calculation (Fig. 1 Bus Low/Bus High inputs to extractor and text page 2 beginning at line 3), based on size of the word (see also page 2 beginning at line 3), storage elements connected to CRC calculators (see page 1 last two line; "the CRC register is composed of 16 Polarity Hold-Shift Register Latches"), and selectors (Fig. 1 'Gate 8 or 16 Data Bit CRC' block and 'CRC Register' block) coupled to storage elements to selectively recirculate stored results back to the CRC generators (Fig. 1) and to output results (page 2 line 8; "after all has been run through the register, it may then be read...").

As per Claims 2 and 13:

Dependent on Claims 1 and 12 above, NN901051 further teaches a 1st calculation assembly (Fig. 1 '8 Data Bit CRC Logic') coupled to the extractor of Claim 1 and 12 above which calculates the CRC of the 1st group (page 2 lines 3-30) whenever n/2 words (in this example of Fig. 1 the value is 2/2) are extracted, and so Claims 2 and 13 are rejected.

As per Claims 4 and 15:

value is 2/2) are extracted, and so Claims 4 and 15 are rejected.

Dependent on Claims 2 and 13 above, NN901051 further teaches the 1st calculation assembly (Fig. 1 '8 Data Bit CRC Logic') comprises n/2 calculators (in this example of Fig. 1 the value is 2/2) which calculates the CRC of the 1st group (Fig. 1 Bus Low/Bus High, and page 2 line 3-30) whenever n/2 words (in this example of Fig. 1 the

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As per Claims 5 and 16:

Dependent on Claims 2 and 13 above, NN901051 further teaches a 2nd calculation assembly (Fig. 1 '16 Data Bit CRC Logic') coupled to the extractor of Claims 1 and 13 above which calculates the CRC of the 2nd group (page 2 line 3; "The data bus enable signals gate the data bus") whenever more than n/2 words (in this example of Fig. 1 the value is >2/2 and so is equal to 2 bytes) are extracted, and so Claims 5 and 16 are rejected.

As per Claims 7 and 18:

Dependent on Claims 5 and 16 above, NN901051 further teaches the 2nd calculation assembly (Fig. 1 '16 Data Bit CRC Logic') comprises n/2 calculators (in this example of Fig. 1 the value is 2/2) which calculates the CRC of the 1st group (Fig. 1 Bus Low/Bus High, and page 2 line 3; "The data bus enable signals gate the data bus") whenever >n/2 words (in this example of Fig. 1 the value is >2/2 and so is equal to 2 bytes) are extracted, and so Claims 7 and 18 are rejected.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 20. Claims 10 and 20, 21, 23, 24, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "High Speed Parallel Cyclic Redundancy Check Generator", IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin NN901051, Vol. 22, Issue 5, pp 51-56, October 1, 1990, and in view of "Parallel CRC Generation", Guido Albertengo et al., IEEE Micro 0272-1732/90/1000-0063501.00, October, 1990, pp 63-71.

As per Claim 10:

Dependent on Claim 1 above, this claim limits the apparatus to n equals 8. In the Claim 1 reference, NN901051 teaches all of the conditions of that claim, and also teaches n equals 2 as an example (see Fig. 1), but does limit the apparatus strictly to that number (page 1; "a frame size that is a multiple of eight bits is assumed"). In an analogous art, Alberengo et al. in page 1 2nd paragraph summarizes the advantages of

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parallel CRC generation as being faster than conventional, and allows one CRC circuit to be shared by several lines. In view of this motivation to improve speed, one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would be inclined to combine the prior art teachings to include any number of calculation stages as would be appropriate. In this case, 8 bytes of processing power would be a better multiple of the stages than 2 bytes. And so, based on the above references, and with reference also to *In re Harza*, 2744 F.2d 669, 671, I24 USPQ 378, 380 (CCPA 1960), this claim is rejected as being obvious.

As per Claim 20:

The applicant's claim of an apparatus comprising a shared CRC generation block with all of the characteristics as has extant been rejected in Claim 1 under 35 USC 102(b) above is taught by NN901051. However, this reference does not specify a plurality of processor units for processing network traffic. In an analogous art,

Albertengo et al. does teach combining a CRC generator in line with the data flow (page 70 column 1 last 2 paragraphs) in an analogous router (page 70 column 2 paragraph 3), as is claimed by the applicant. Among the advantages of combining the two, Albertengo in page 63 2nd paragraph cites the improved processing speed and the advantage of sharing several lines with the CRC generator. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated by Albertengo as suggested above, would combine the two references for the improvements cited, and so the claim is rejected.

As per Claims 21, 23, 24, and 26:

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These claims derive their dependency and motivation from Claim 20 above.

Except for the network router limitation of Claim 20 above, these claims are the same as Claims 2, 4, 5, and 7, and so are similarly rejected as being obvious.

21. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "High Speed Parallel Cyclic Redundancy Check Generator", IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin NN901051, Vol. 22, Issue 5, pp 51-56, October 1, 1990, and in view of Shih et al., U.S. Patent No. 4937828. Dependent on Claim 1 above, this claim limits the apparatus of Claim 1 to being an integrated circuit. While NN901051 teaches all of the aspects of Claim 1, it does not specify reducing the apparatus down to an integrated circuit. However, in an analogous art, Shih et al. teaches the objective of providing the CRC generator apparatus of that invention using a single integrated circuit (column 1 lines 55-59). The benefits to this are stated in column 1 lines 42-47 of Shih et al. as providing parallel CRC generation without additional space or time delay. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated to make a faster smaller apparatus as suggested by Shih et al., would combine the two references above, and so the claim is rejected.

Allowable Subject Matter

22. Claims 3, 14, and 22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: This claims, being dependent on

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Claims 2, 13, and 21, cascade a number of CRC generators (<n/2) in a selective manner when there are n/2 bytes. The prior art of NN901051 teaches all of this except the cascading of <n/2 generators (<n/2 = 0). Also, the prior arts of record taken alone, or in combination failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the claimed invention of the application. Specifically, the prior arts failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the cascading of <n/2 generators of the invention.

Consequently, Claims 3, 14 and 22 are allowed over the prior arts of record but are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected claim.

23. Claims 6, 17, and 25 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: This claim, being dependent on Claims 5, 16 and 24, limit the 2nd generator of that claim to comprise <n/2 calculators to be employed in the CRC generation when there are >n/2 bytes. The prior art of NN901051 teaches all of this except the use of <n/2 generators which in the reference would mean that there would be zero number of generators. Also, the prior arts of record taken alone, or in combination failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the claimed invention of the application. Specifically, the prior arts failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the use of <n/2 generators of the invention. Consequently, Claims 6, 17 and 25 are allowed over the prior arts of record but are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected claim.

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24. Claims 8, 19, and 27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: This claim, being dependent on Claims 2, 13 and 21, further limits the extractor to selecting a 2nd group of words, and a 2nd CRC assembly to be employed in the CRC generation when there are n/2 bytes. The prior art of NN901051 teaches all of this except the use of 2 generator assemblies used for 2 separate computations. Also, the prior arts of record taken alone, or in combination failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the claimed invention of the application. Specifically, the prior arts failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the use of these 2 generator assemblies when there are n/2 bytes in the invention. Consequently, Claims 8, 19 and 27 are allowed over the prior arts of record but are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected claim.

25. Claim 9 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: This claim, being dependent on Claim 1, further limits the apparatus 1st selector to being coupled to the storage elements and recirculating back to the calculators, and the 2nd selector coupled to the 1st selector to output the result. The prior art of NN901051 teaches all of this except the coupling of the 1st selector to the calculator for recirculation of the data. Also, the prior arts of record taken alone, or in combination failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the

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claimed invention of the application. Specifically, the prior arts failed to teach, anticipate, suggest, or render obvious the use of recirculating data via the 1st selector output.

Consequently, Claim 9 is allowed over the prior arts of record but is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P Trimmings whose telephone number is 703-305-0714. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays, 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert DeCady can be reached on 703-305-9595. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-2394.

John P Trimmings

Examiner
Art Unit 2133

Jpt

Albert DeCady
Primary Examiner